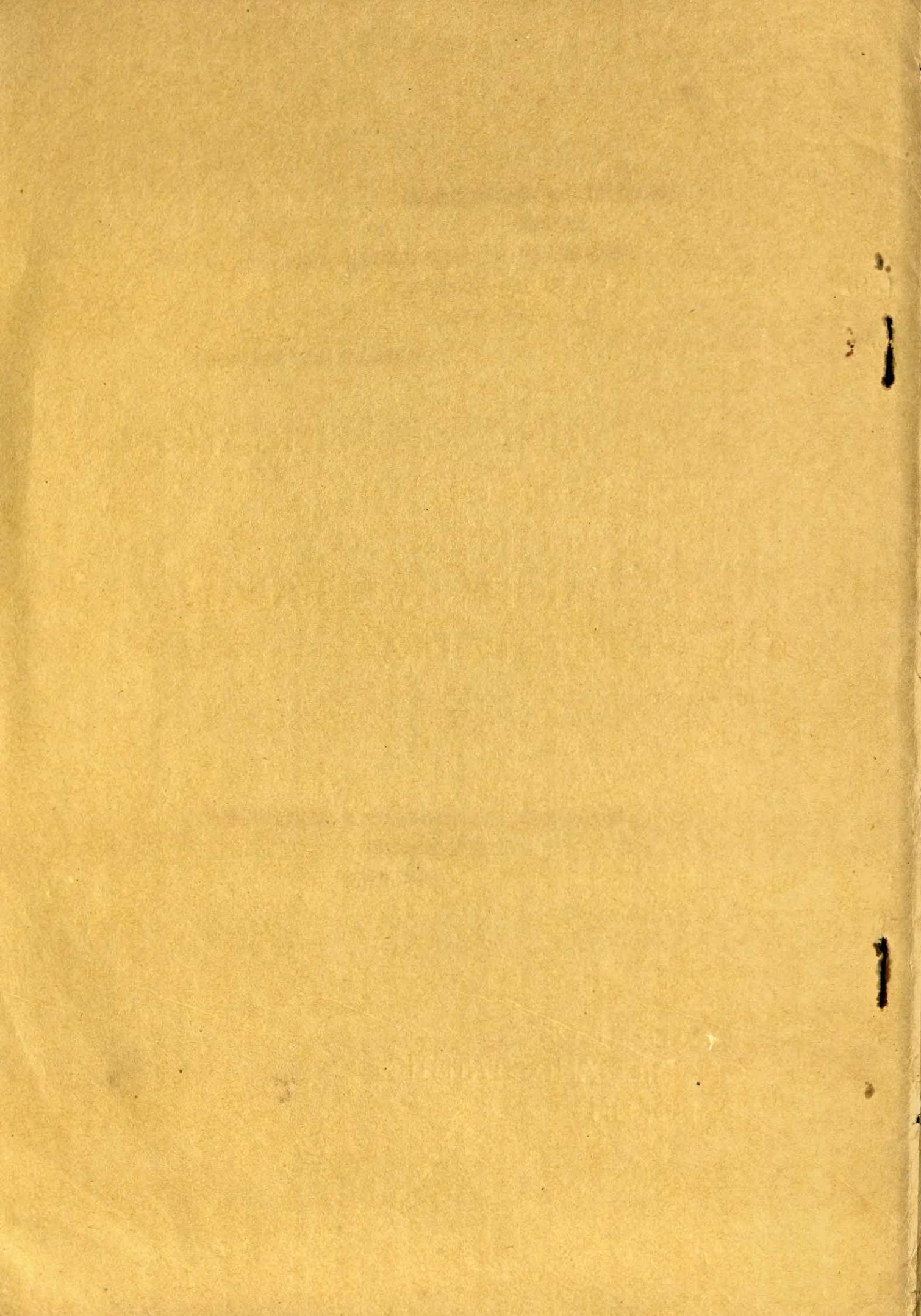


**GOVERNMENT OF KERALA**

**AN ECONOMIC CLASSIFICATION  
OF THE BUDGETS OF  
MUNICIPALITIES & CITY  
CORPORATIONS IN KERALA  
(1980-81 AND 1981-82)**

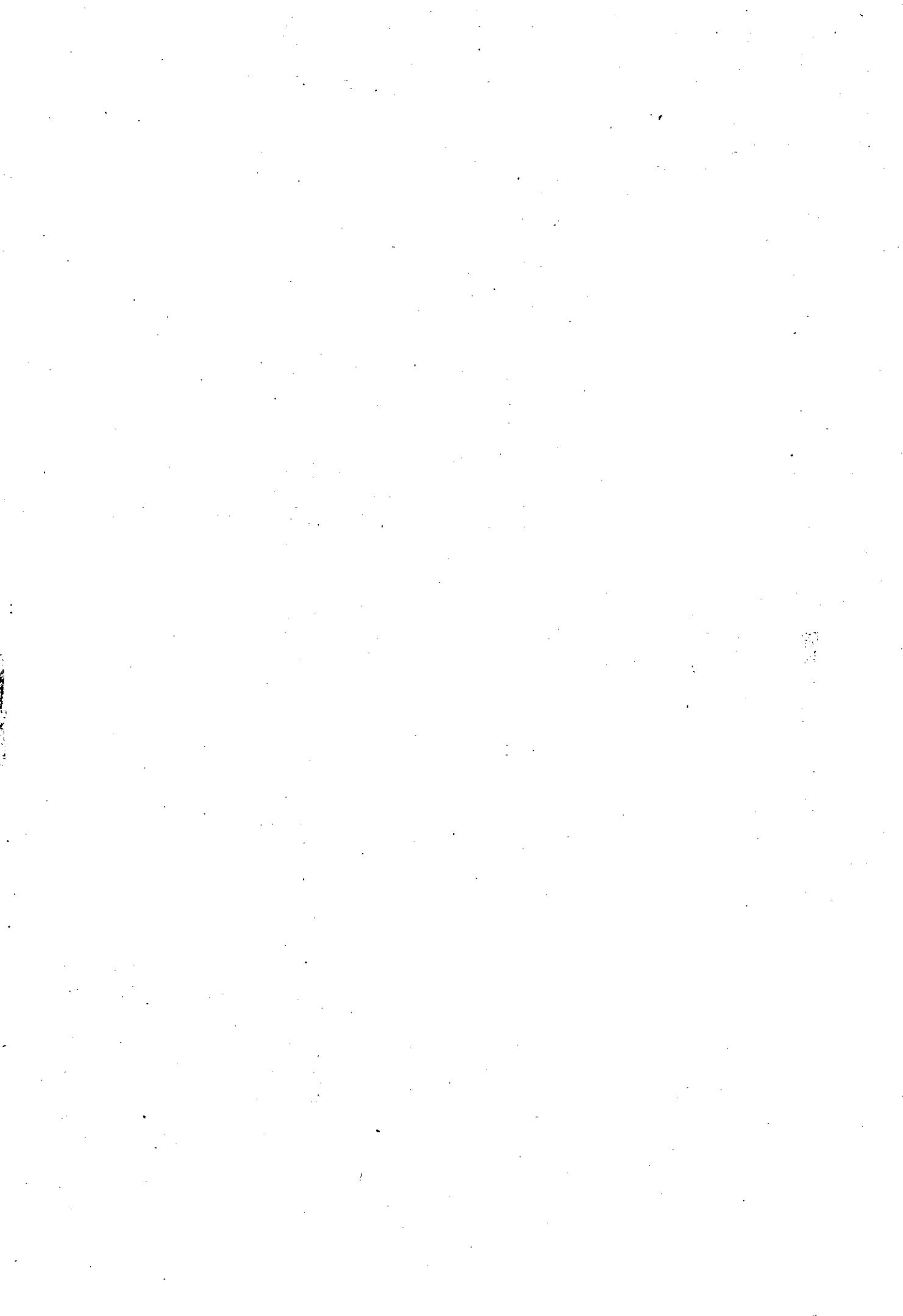
**DEPARTMENT OF  
ECONOMICS AND STATISTICS  
TRIVANDRUM  
1988**



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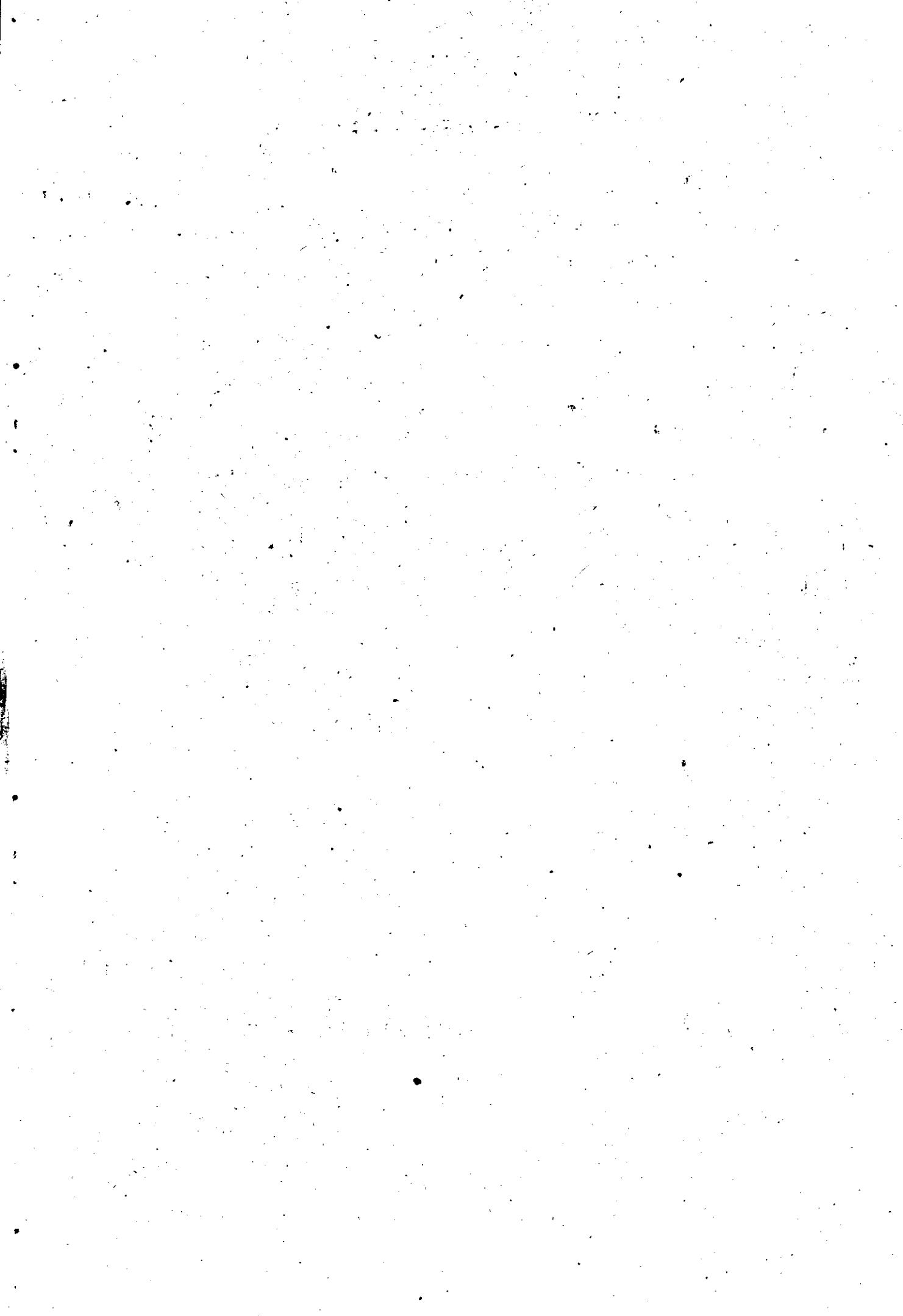
P R E F A C E

This report on the "Economic classification of the budget of the Local bodies (URBAN)," is an attempt to recast the local body's budgets into meaningful economic categories, which enables to understand the general effect of the local body's transactions on the economy. Classification presented in this report relates to the years 1980-81 and 1981-82.

It is hoped that the contents of this report will be useful to planners and administrators and others interested in the subject. This is the first attempt of its kind and suggestions for improvement are solicited. This report was prepared by the Budget section of the State Income Division of this Directorate.

Trivandrum,  
27--5--1988.

K.DALAKRISHNAN NAIR  
DIRECTOR OF  
ECONOMICS AND STATISTICS



## I. Introduction

Municipalities and Corporations, in the democratic set up of the Government, play an important role in the development of the urban areas. Governments' policy of decentralisation of power enhanced the responsibility of Municipalities and City Corporations. Large amount of funds are being spent on various activities in the urban areas of the state. Hence it has become necessary to study the impact of such large amount of spending on various activities.

Budgets of the local bodies give us detailed information about their revenue and expenditure and their financial transactions, for a given year, of the departments functioning under their control. However the figures given in the budget do not indicate clearly the economic significance of the various items of expenditure and revenue. So also it does not give information separately regarding the amount of revenue spent on capital expenditure. Hence the budget documents of these local bodies, do not give clear idea of the capital formation, savings, current receipt, expenditure etc. It is therefore necessary to reclassify and regroup such accounts into meaningful categories for understanding the actual economic impact of the budgetary transactions of these local bodies. Such an attempt of the budget of the local bodies for the years 1980-81 and 81-82 is done in the following pages.

The budgets are collected from all the 43 Municipalities and 3 Corporations and compiled for preparing Economic Classification of the state as a whole.

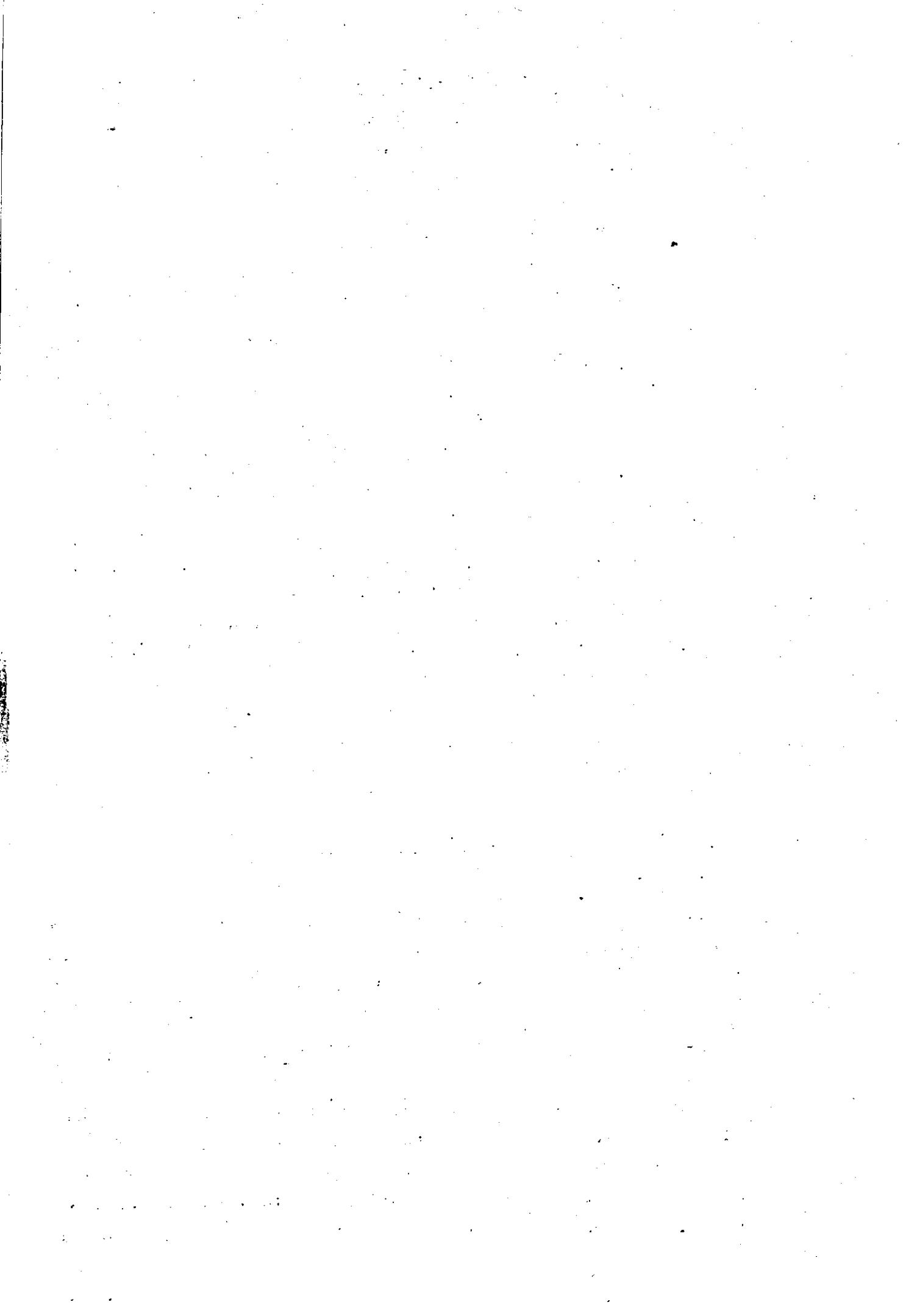
## II. Economic classification of the Local Bodies Budgetary Transactions

The framework of the economic classification scheme, presented here is based on the delineation of local bodies transactions in a set of two accounts. The derivation and rationale of each of these accounts are briefly explained in the following pages.

Account I :- Income and outlay Account of the Municipalities and Corporations.

This account deals with the current revenue and expenditure of all the municipalities & corporations in the state. The major part of the current expenditure of the municipalities and corporations consists of the final outlays of the municipalities & corporations. On current account, which represent current consumption.

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The final outlays are made up of purchase of goods and services and wages and salaries payments. Besides final outlays municipalities & corporations make transfer payments i.e. interests, grants, subsidies, scholarships etc. to the rest of the economy, which are added indirectly to the disposable income of the community. To meet these current expenditure, municipalities and corporations appropriate a part of the income of the community through a variety of taxes, fees, miscellaneous receipts etc., occurring in the course of administration. In addition, municipalities & corporations have an investment income from property and entrepreneurship, and also receives revenue grants, contributions and recoveries from the state government and other bodies. The excess of current receipt over current expenditure denotes the savings of the municipalities & corporations available for capital formation. Some of the items included in this account are explained below.

A. Revenue:

i. Income from property and entrepreneurship

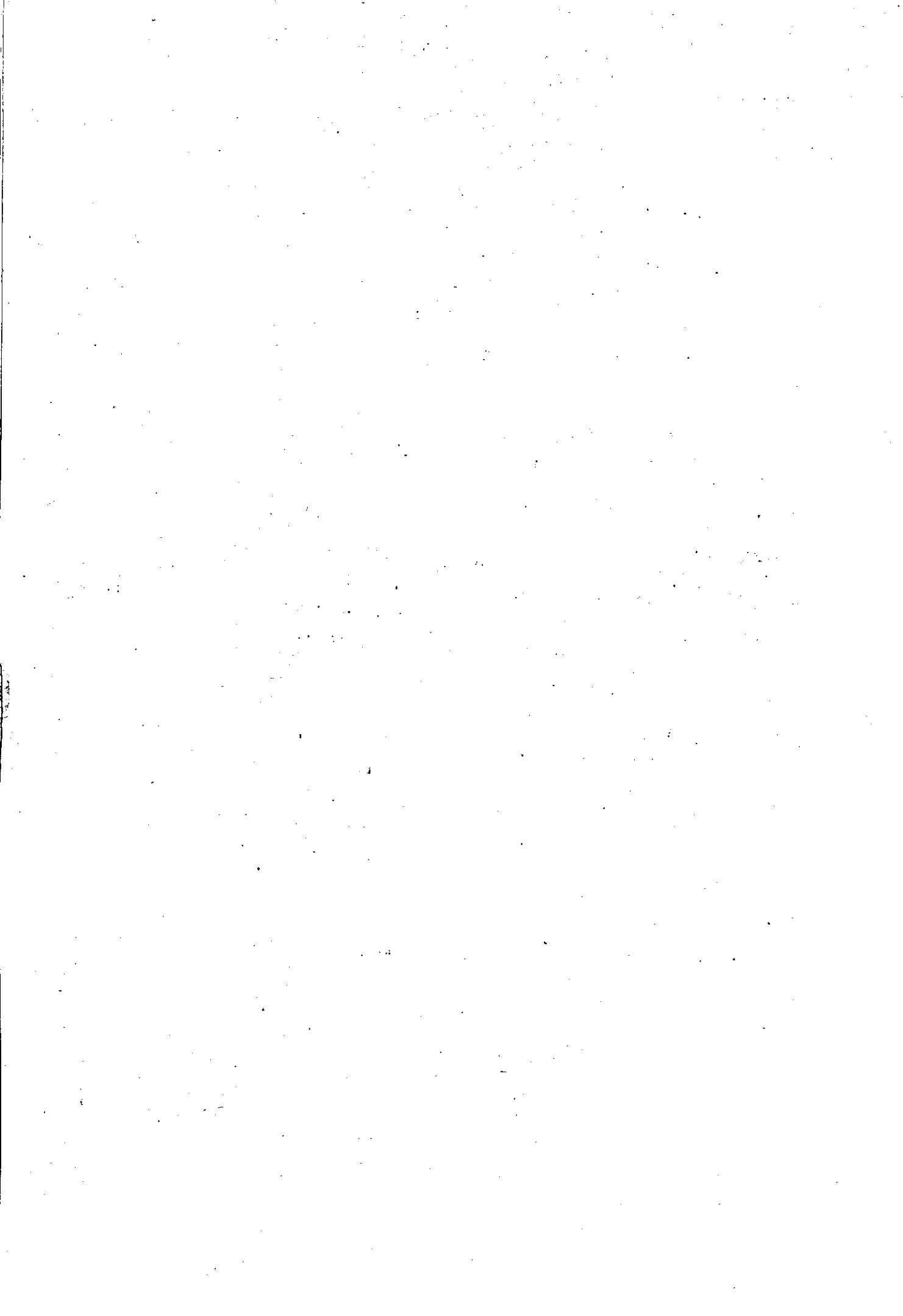
This item records the income receivable by the municipalities and corporations from the departmental commercial undertakings if any and rent, interest and dividends accruing to them from the ownership of buildings or financial assets.

ii. Direct taxes:

The revenue is classified into direct and indirect taxes. Direct taxes are levied by public authorities at regular intervals on income from employment, property, capital gains etc. Taxes falling under this category of the municipalities & corporations are profession and trade tax, servants' tax, taxes on houses and land etc.

iii. Indirect taxes:

Taxes on goods and services that are chargeable to business expenses and taxes on the possession or use of goods and services by households are treated as indirect taxes. The main categories in the budgets of municipalities & corporations are Octroi, terminal tax, taxes on vehicles and animals, fees for vehicle licenses, dangerous and offensive trade license fees, license fee for job porters, tolls on vehicles and animals, local rates, administrative tax, miscellaneous other taxes and duties.



iv. Miscellaneous Receipts

These receipts are in the nature of fees, fines and forfeitures etc.

v. Revenue grants, contributions etc.

These are current receipts accruing from the state government and various boards & committees.

B. Expenditure

i. Compensation to employees:-

These include pay of officers, pay of establishment allowances and honoraria (other than travelling and daily allowances) Wages and salaries also include the pensions actually paid to government employees. Wages paid to casual labourers have also been taken as wages and salaries.

ii. Commodities and Services:-

This item includes all expenditure under contingency such as office supplies, rent, rates and taxes, fuel and light, printing and stationary, travelling expenses, telephones and telegraphic charges and other items for current operations loss sales by municipalities & corporations of goods and services to enterprises and households. All expenditure on current repairs and maintenance is included here.

iii. Interest:-

Interest comprises interest on debt and other obligations.

iv. Current transfer payments:-

Current transfer payments include grants and other transfers like scholarships, stipends etc.

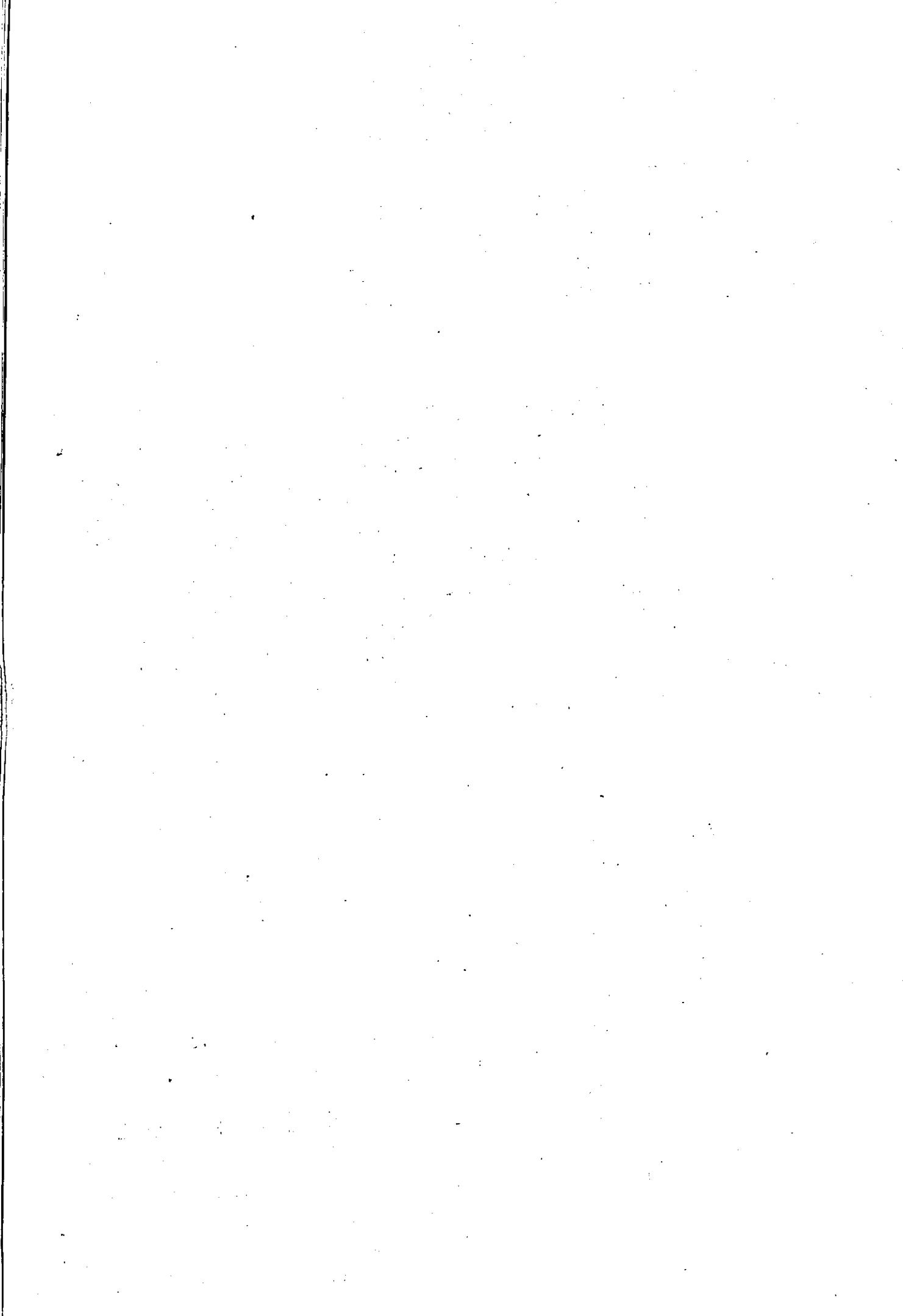
v. Savings on current account:-

These represent excess of receipts over expenditure under the current account of the municipalities & corporations.

Account II :- Capital Finance Account of the municipalities and corporations

This account is concerned with the total capital outlay representing physical assets formation by the municipalities & corporations. Savings transferred from current account and capital grants received by the Municipalities and Corporations constitute the source of finance. The different items included in the account are discussed here under.

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i. Gross fixed capital formation

Gross capital formation represents the gross value of goods which are added to the domestic capital stock of the nation. It comprises both expenditure on the acquisition of fixed assets and the value of physical change in stocks. The gross fixed capital formation has been classified into buildings and other construction and machinery and equipment.

ii. Buildings and other construction

Capital formation under buildings include all expenditure on new construction and major alterations to residential and non-residential buildings including the value of the change in work in progress. Other construction includes mostly expenditure on construction of roads and bridges and works on power and irrigation projects, flood control, forest clearance, land reclamation, water supply and sanitation.

iii. Machinery and equipments

This item include expenditure incurred on the purchase of various equipments such as buses, jeeps, trucks, tractors for road haulage, power generating machinery, agricultural machinery and implements office furniture, machinery and equipment and instruments used by professional men.

iv. Change in stocks:-

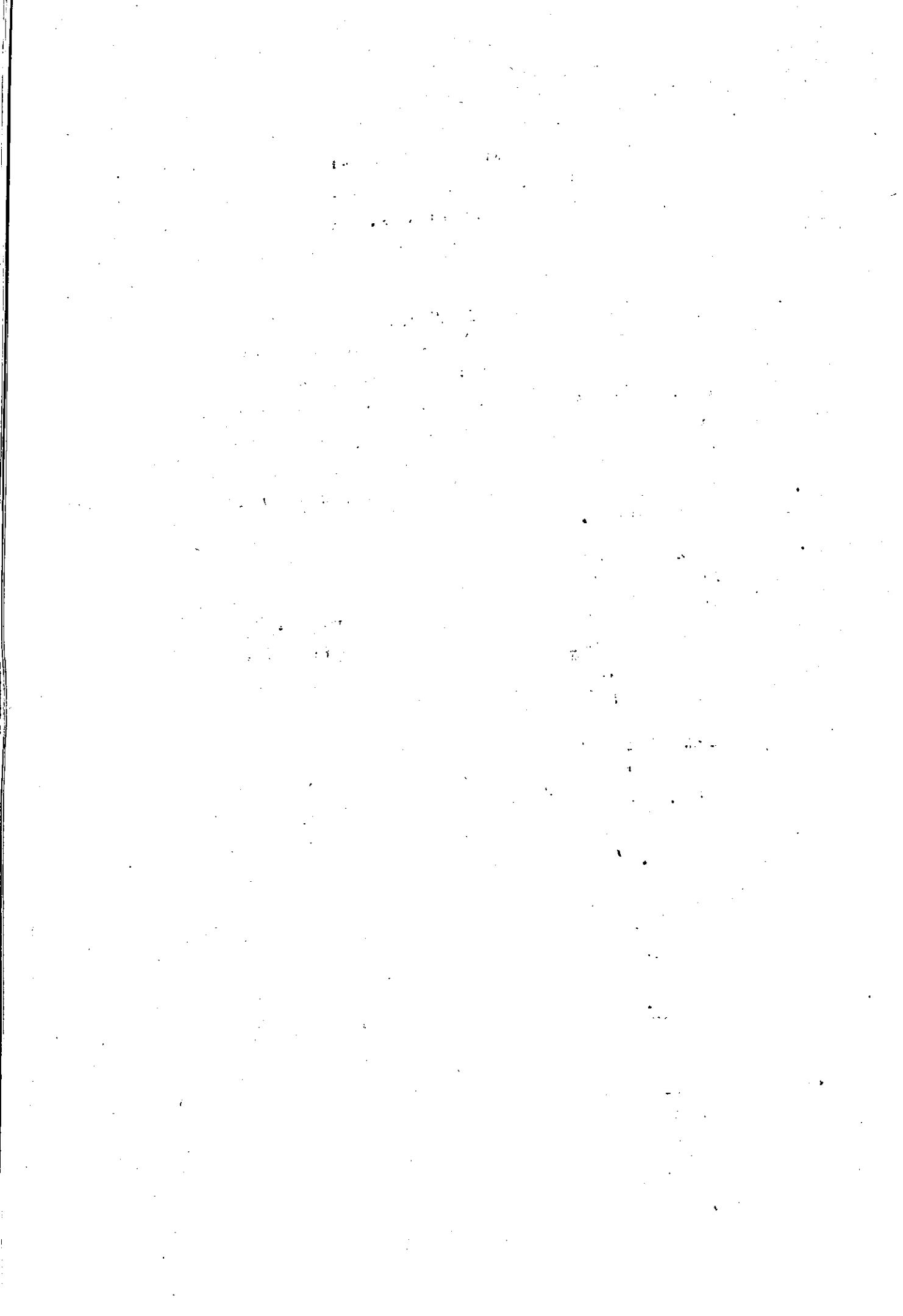
Changes in stocks represent the value of the physical change in raw materials, work in progress (other than the work in progress in buildings which are included in fixed capital formation) and in the stockpiles.

v. Capital transfers:-

Capital transfers cover grants to finance the construction of buildings, purchase of machinery and equipment and for public works, Water supply and sewage disposal schemes etc. Capital transfers are intended to assist capital formation in other sectors of the economy.

vi. Receipt on Capital Account:

This part deals with the financing of the capital formation and the sources for the same are savings on current account and capital grants and contributions from state government and other institutions.

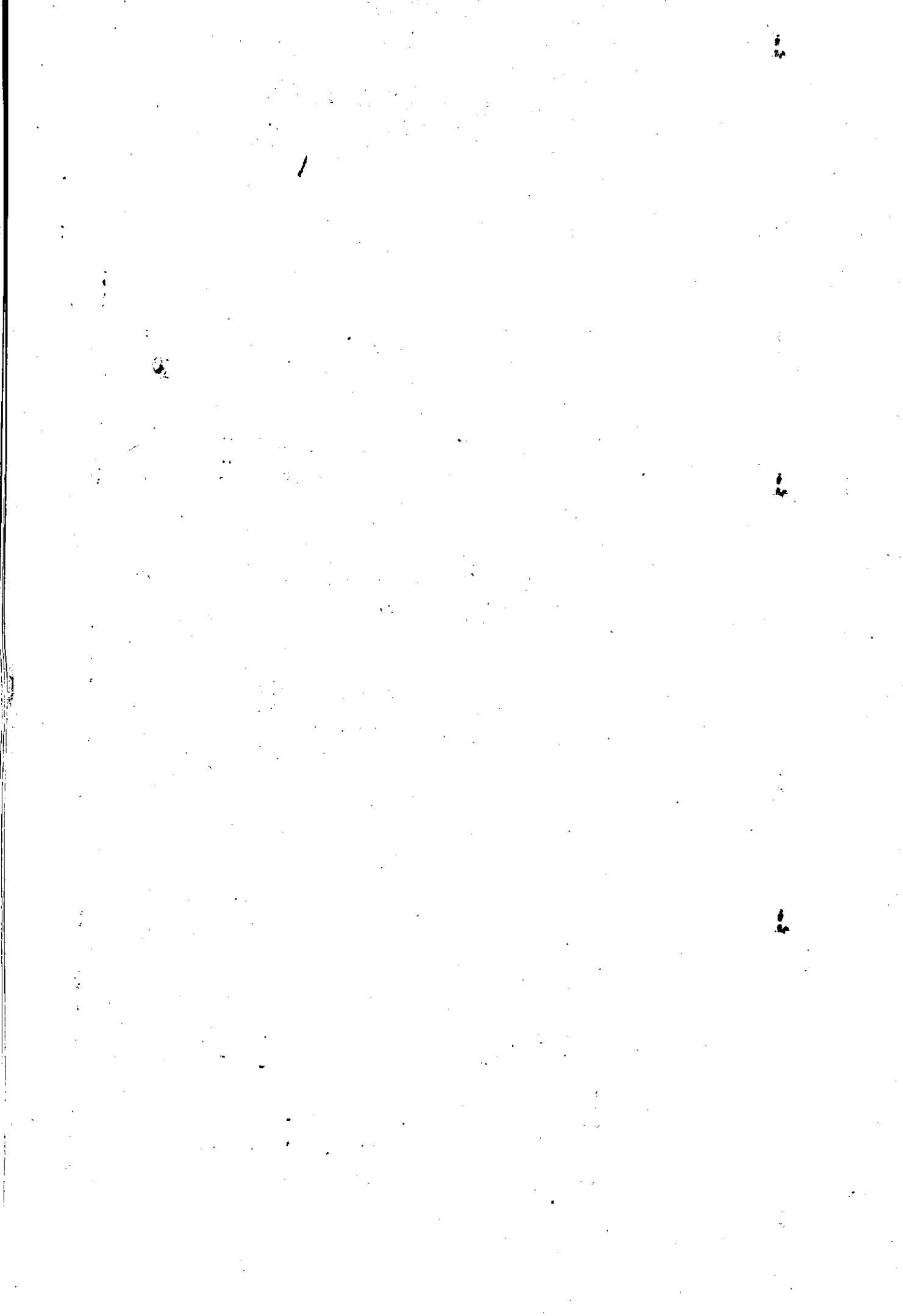


ECONOMIC CLASSIFICATION.

**Account I - Income and Outlay Account of the Municipalities and Corporations  
(Rs. '000)**

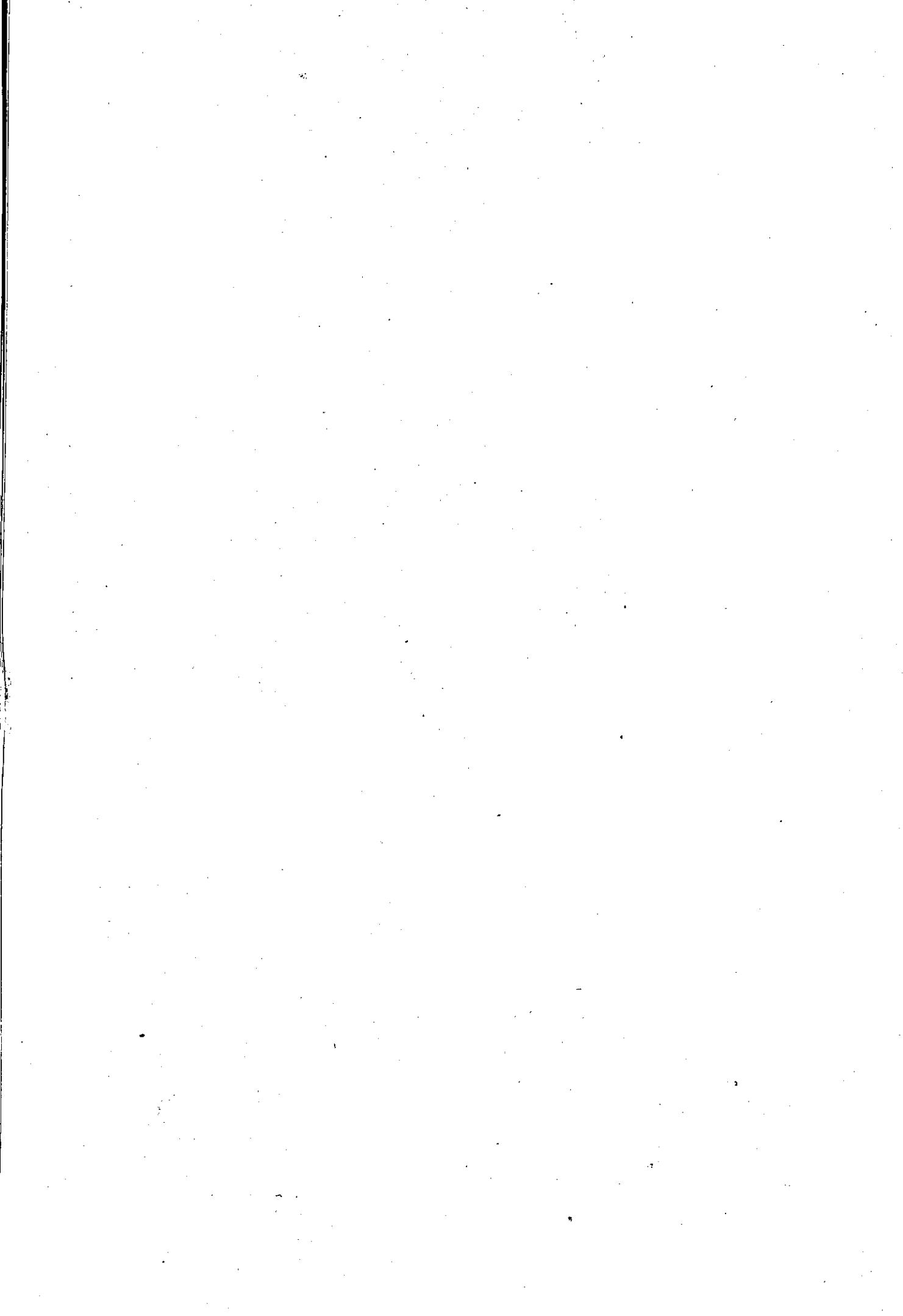
Items	RECEIPTS.			Total				
	Municipalities	Corporations	Total	1980-81	81-82	1980-81	81-82	1980-81
1	2	3	4	5	6	7		
1. Income from entrepreneurship. and property	23483	28532	4903	8676	28391	37208		
1.1. Profit	6720	9266	32	160	6752	9426		
1.2. Income from property	16763	19266	4876	8516	21639	27782		
2. Total tax Revenue	80266	88234	43333	62592	123599	150826		
2.1. Direct tax	42761	45922	13021	16740	55782	62662		
a) Profession & trade tax	5572	4712	841	1383	6413	6095		
b) Property tax	26640	32113	1280	15357	38820	47470		
c) Other direct tax	10549	3097	..	..	10549	9097		
2.2. Indirect taxes	37505	42312	30312	45852	67817	88164		
a) Entertainment tax	22590	23912	9125	15621	31715	39533		
b) Taxes on advertisement	526	750	156	359	682	1109		
c) Show tax	338	369	93	157	431	526		
d) Surcharge on taxes levied	167	222	5474	9372	5641	9594		
e) Taxes on vehicles and animals	88	58	3879	2967	3067	3025		
f) Duty on transfer of properties	12692	15810	8996	13427	31688	29307		

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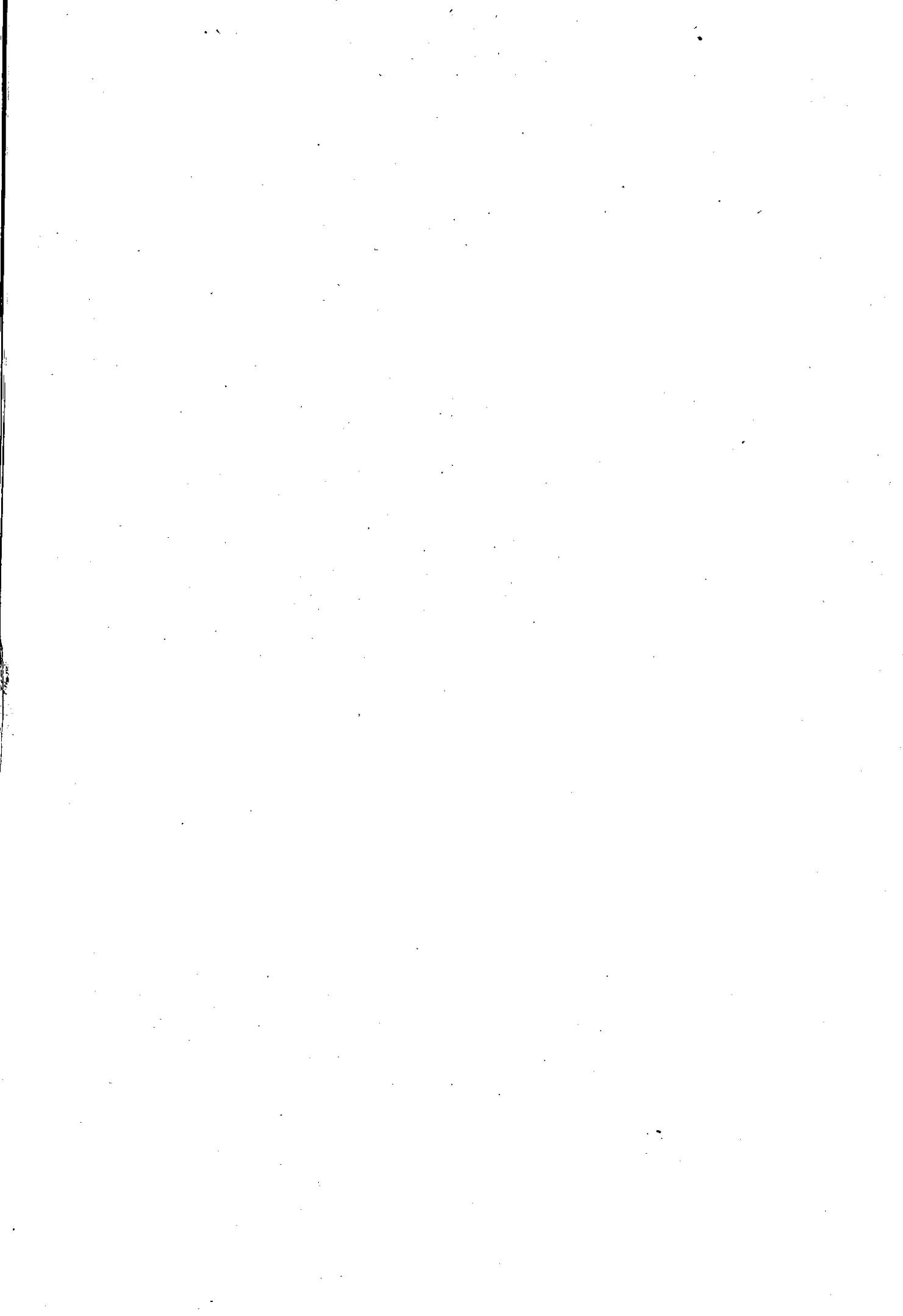
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	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
g) License fees on D & O trade		1104	1191	721	1008	1825	2199
h) Other taxes		..	..	1868	2871	1868	2871
3. Fees and miscellaneous receipts		5854	5225	1404	1982	7258	7207
4. Revenue grants from other Government		18534	23039	7008	8754	25542	31793
Total Revenue	128137	145030	56653	82004	184790	227034	



ECONOMIC CLASSIFICATION  
Account I - Income and Outlay Account of the Municipalities & Corporations (Rs. 1,000)

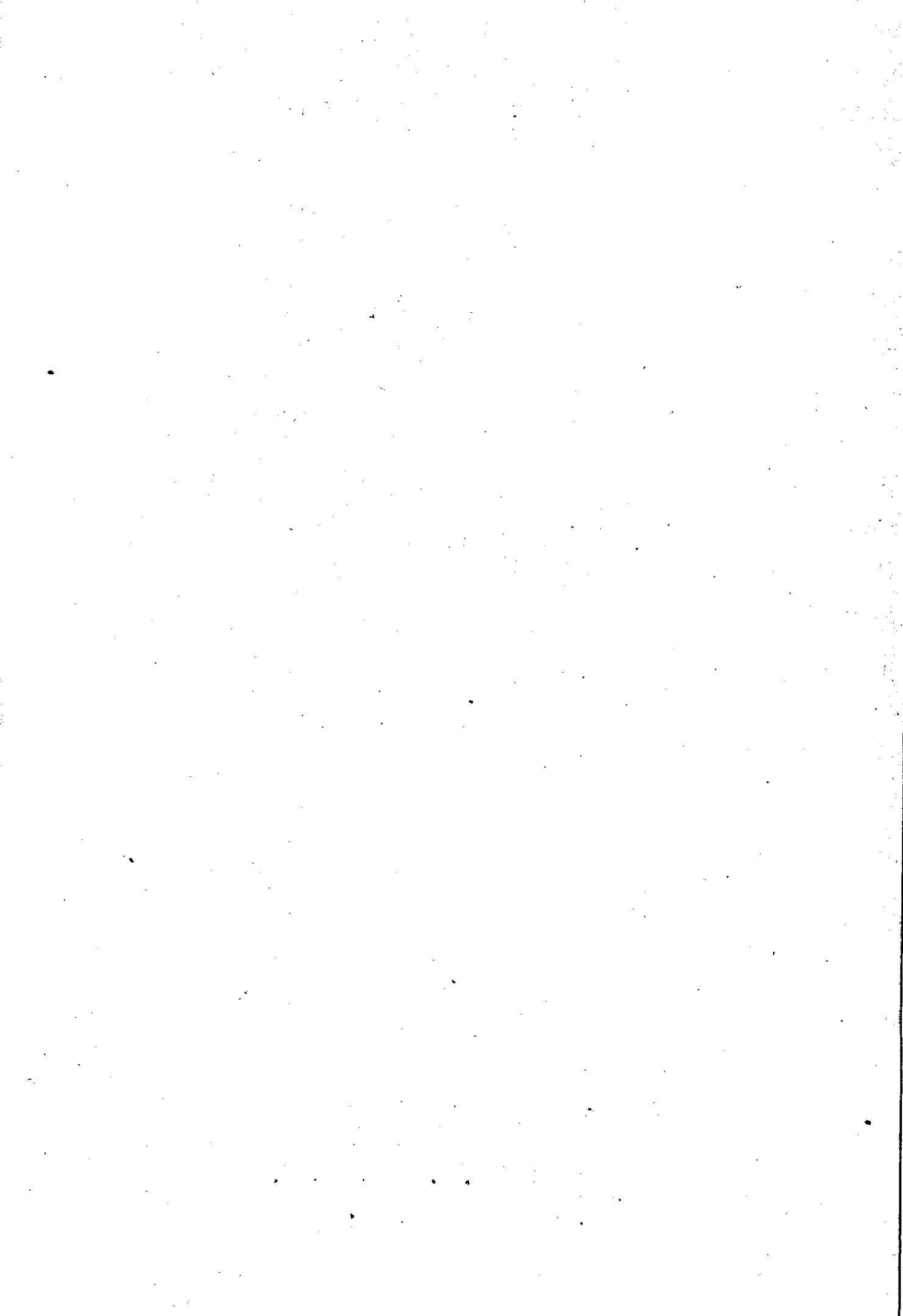
Items	EXPENDITURE						Total
	Municipalities		Corporations				
	1980-81	81-82	1980-81	81-82	1980-81	81-82	
	2	3	4	5	6	7	
1.	Total Consumption expenditure	61673	79261	40612	69999	102285	149260
1.1.	Compensation of employees	39159	45397	36877	41790	76036	87187
1.2.	Net purchase of commodities and services	22514	33364	3735	28209	26249	62073
a)	Purchase	26258	26584	33735	45749	59993	72333
b)	Maintenance	1677	13842	6844	9164	8521	23006
c)	Less sales	5421	6562	36844	26704	42265	33266
2.	Interest paid	3813	4535	2333	1096	6146	5631
3.	Subsidies	••	••	••	••	••	••
4.	Current transfer	3630	2743	386	301	4016	3044
5.	Total current expenditure	69116	86539	43331	71396	112447	157935
6.	Surplus savings of current account	59021	58491	13322	10608	72343	69099
7.	Total expenditure = Total receipts	128137	145030	56653	82004	184790	227034



ECONOMIC CLASSIFICATION.

Account II - Capital Finance account of the Municipalities and Corporations  
Accounts (Rs. '000)

Items	Municipalities			Corporation			Total
	1980-81	1981-82	1980-81	81-82	1980-81	81-82	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
<b>I. EXPENDITURE.</b>							
1. Capital Outlay	55357	63721	17144	18964	72501	82685	
2. Net purchase of physical assets	2617	3794	737	466	3254	4260	
3. Change in stock	..	..	1410	2008	1410	2008	
4. Capital transfers	225	754	406	500	631	1254	
<b>TOTAL:</b>	<b>58099</b>	<b>68269</b>	<b>19697</b>	<b>21938</b>	<b>77796</b>	<b>90207</b>	
<b>II. RECEIPTS:</b>							
1. Surplus on current account	59021	58491	13322	10608	72343	69099	
2. Net borrowing	-922	9778	6375	11330	5453	21108	
<b>TOTAL RECEIPT:</b>	<b>58099</b>	<b>68269</b>	<b>19697</b>	<b>21938</b>	<b>77796</b>	<b>90207</b>	



### MAJOR FINDINGS.

The system of accounts presented in this study analyses the various operation of the budget of municipalities and city corporations. The major findings emerging from this study are given below:-

1. The total expenditure of the municipalities and city corporations in the State is estimated at Rs.2623 lakhs in 1981-82 compared to Rs.2072 lakhs in 1980-81.
2. Final outlay is the major component of the total expenditure of the municipalities and city corporations accounting for about 85 and 90 percent in 1980-81 and 1981-82 respectively. The final outlay of all the municipalities and corporations is increased from Rs.1762 lakhs in 1980-81 to Rs.2340 lakhs in 1981-82.
3. The consumption expenditure accounted for about 49% of the total expenditure in 1980-81 and 57% in 1981-82,
4. Transfer payments decreased from Rs.108 lakhs in 1980-81 to Rs.99 lakhs in 1981-82.
5. Transfer payments accounts for about 5% and 4% of the total expenditure of the municipalities and city corporations in 1980-81 and 1981-82 respectively.
6. Financial investment and loans amounting to Rs.202 lakhs in 1980-81 and Rs.184 lakhs in 1981-82 contributed about 10% and 9% of the total expenditure in respective years.

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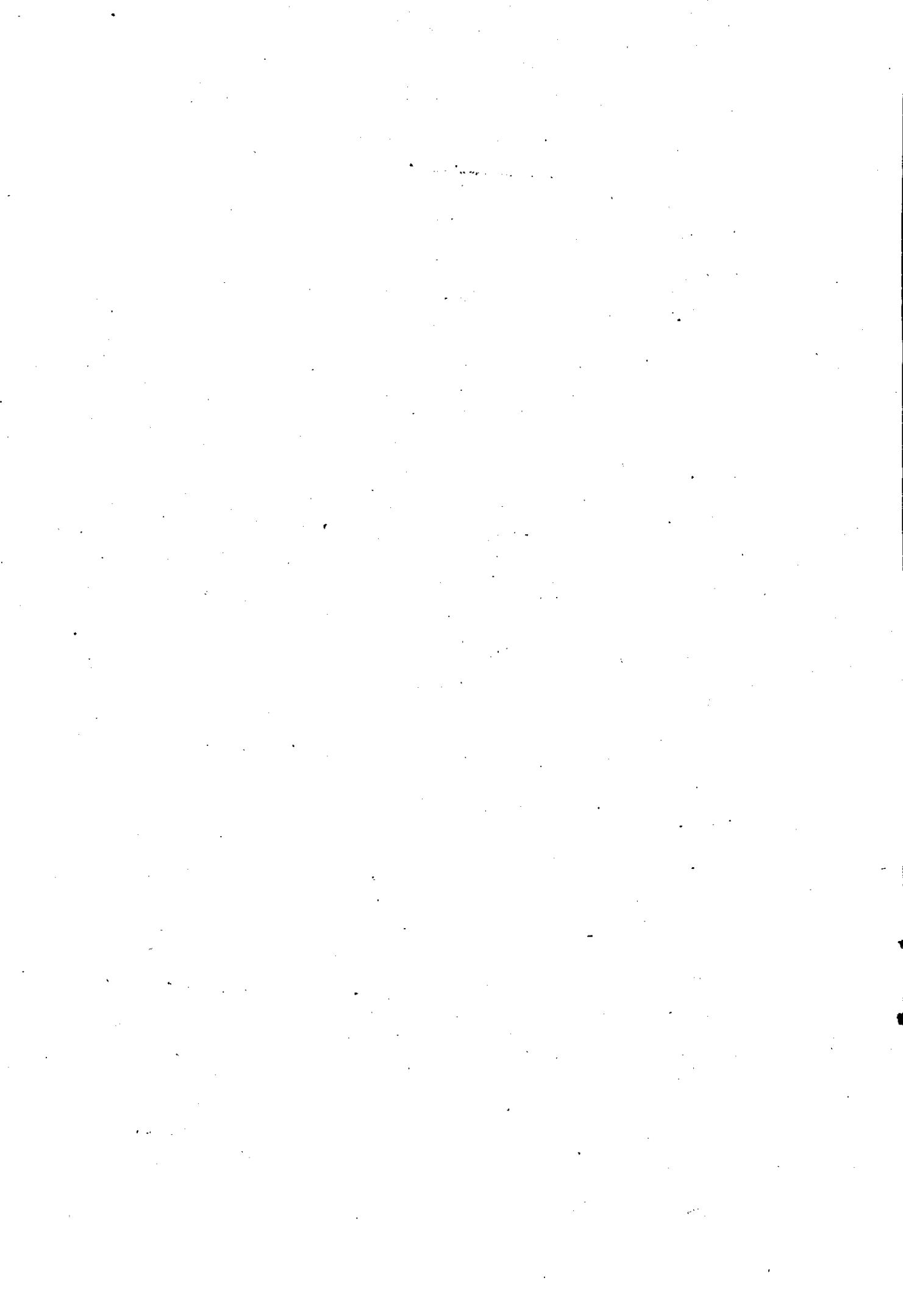


TABLE - 1

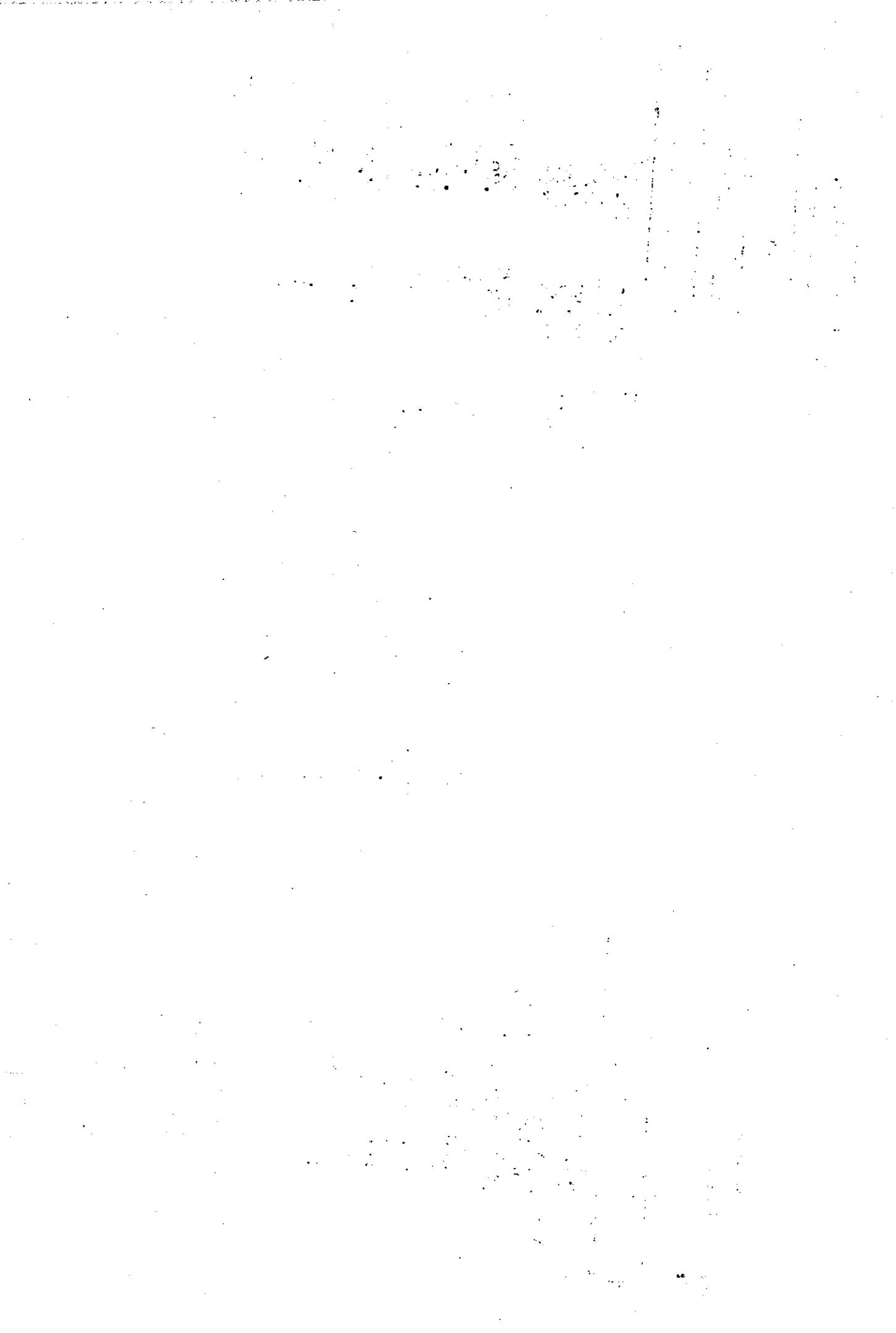
Total expenditure of the Municipalities and Corporations(₹. '000)  
Accounts.

Items	Municipalities		Corporations		Total	
	1980-81	81-82	1980-81	81-82	1980-81	81-82
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1. Final outlay	117030		142982	59166	90971	176196
b) Consumption expenditure	61673		79261	40612	69999	102285
b) Gross capital formation	55357		33721	18554	20972	73011
2. Transfer payments to the rest of the economy	7668		8032	3125	1897	10793
a) Current transfer	7443		7278	2719	1397	10162
b) Capital transfer	225		754	406	500	631
3. Financial investment and loans to the rest of the economy.	5344		5657	14836	12739	20180
TOTAL:	130042		156671	77127	105607	207169
						262278
						18396



TABLE - 2.

Percentage of total expenditure of the Municipalities and Corporations.



### Gross Capital Formation

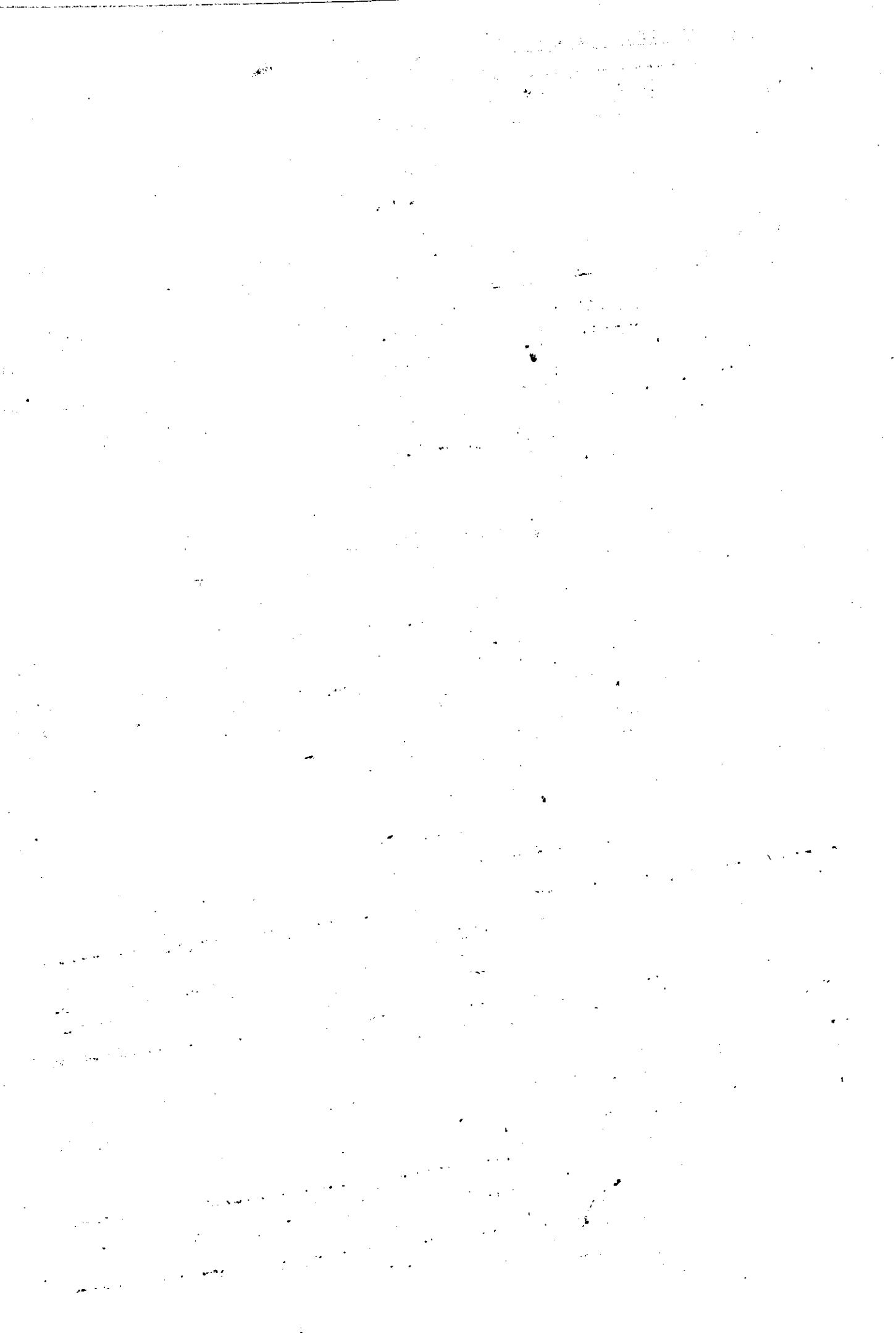
Municipality's and Corporation's contribution to gross capital formation i.e. investment in building, machinery, construction and for acquisition of stock is estimated at Rs.739/ lakhs in 1980-81. It has increased to Rs.847 lakhs in 1981-82. This item amounted to 36% in 1980-81. However in 1981-82 it has decreased to 32%.

### The components of capital formation.

The components of capital formation given in Table 3 shows that major share of municipalities and corporations expenditure accounted for construction. In 1980-81 expenditure on construction accounted for about Rs.381/lakhs which was increased to Rs.431 lakhs in 1981-82. Expenditure on machinery and equipment have also been increased from Rs.344 lakhs in 1980-81 to Rs.396 lakhs in 1981-82.

Table No.3  
Components of capital formation(Rs.'000)

Items	Municipalities		Corporations		Total	
	1980-81	81-82	1980-81	81-82	1980-81	81-82
1. Construction	26876	33587	11195	9498	38071	43085
2. Machinery & other equipment	28481	30134	5949	9466	34429	39600
3. Change in stock	-	-	1410	2008	1410	2008
	55357	63721	18554	20972	73910	84693
	5577	-	-	-	-/-	-/-



Savings of Municipalities and Corporations:

Gross savings of the municipalities and corporations comprise of savings on current account of administration (i.e. surplus of current receipt over current expenditure) and depreciation provision.

Gross savings for the year under review are given in the following table:-

Table 4.

Gross savings of the Municipalities & Corporation (Rs. '000)

Items	Municipalities	Corporations	Total			
	1980-81	81-82	80-81	81-82	80-81	81-82
<b>Gross savings:</b>						
Savings of the current administration	59021	58491	13322	10608	72343	69099
Provision for depreciation	..	..	..	..	..	..
<b>TOTAL:</b>	<b>59021</b>	<b>58491</b>	<b>13322</b>	<b>10608</b>	<b>72343</b>	<b>69099</b>

Savings of the municipalities and corporations for the years 1980-81 and 1981-82 are shown in the above table. It shows a decreasing trend for both corporation and municipalities. Total savings of the municipalities and corporations in 1980-81 was Rs.723 lakhs. It decreased to Rs.691 lakhs in 1981-82.

Current receipts:

The economic implication of the expenditure incurred by the municipalities and corporations depends to a great extent on the source from which it is financed. Hence it is proper to examine it in detail. The current receipt of the municipalities



and corporations are furnished under significant economic heads in table No.5.

Total current receipts have been showing an upward trend during the period under reference. The receipts of the municipalities and corporations have been increased to Rs.2270 lakhs in 1981-82 from Rs.1848 lakhs in 1980-81, showing an increase of 22.84 over the period.

TABLE- 5.

Current Receipt (Rs.'000)

Items	Municipalities		Corporations		Total	
	1980-81	81-82	80-81	81-82	80-81	81-82
<u>Tax receipt:</u>	80266	88234	43333	62592	123599	150826
Income from property and entrepreneurship:	23483	28532	4908	8676	28391	37208
Fees and miscellaneous receipt	5854	5225	1404	1982	7258	7207
Revenue grants from Government of India	18534	23039	7008	8754	25542	31793
<u>Total current receipt</u>	128137	145030	56653	82004	184790	227034

Tax receipts which alone contributed about 67% of the total receipt accounted for the highest proportion of total income of the municipalities and corporations.

#### Current outgoing:

The current outgoing is shown in Table No.6.

The current outgoings have increased from Rs.1125 lakhs in 1980-81 to Rs.1579 lakhs in 1981-82. It can be seen from the table that consumption expenditure exceeds transfer payments in both the years. Consumption expenditure accounted for about 91% and 94% of the total outgoing in 1980-81 and 1981-82 respectively.

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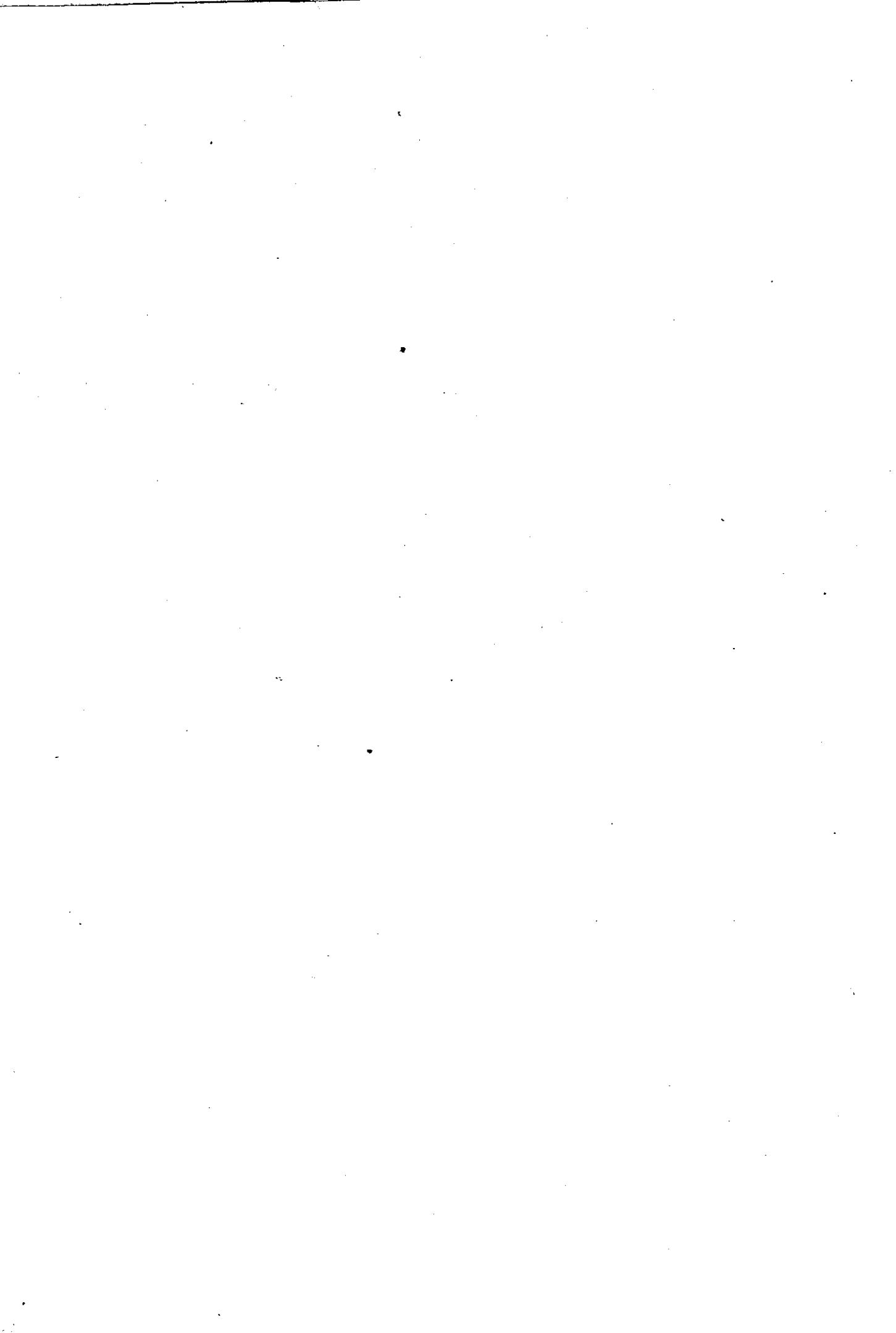
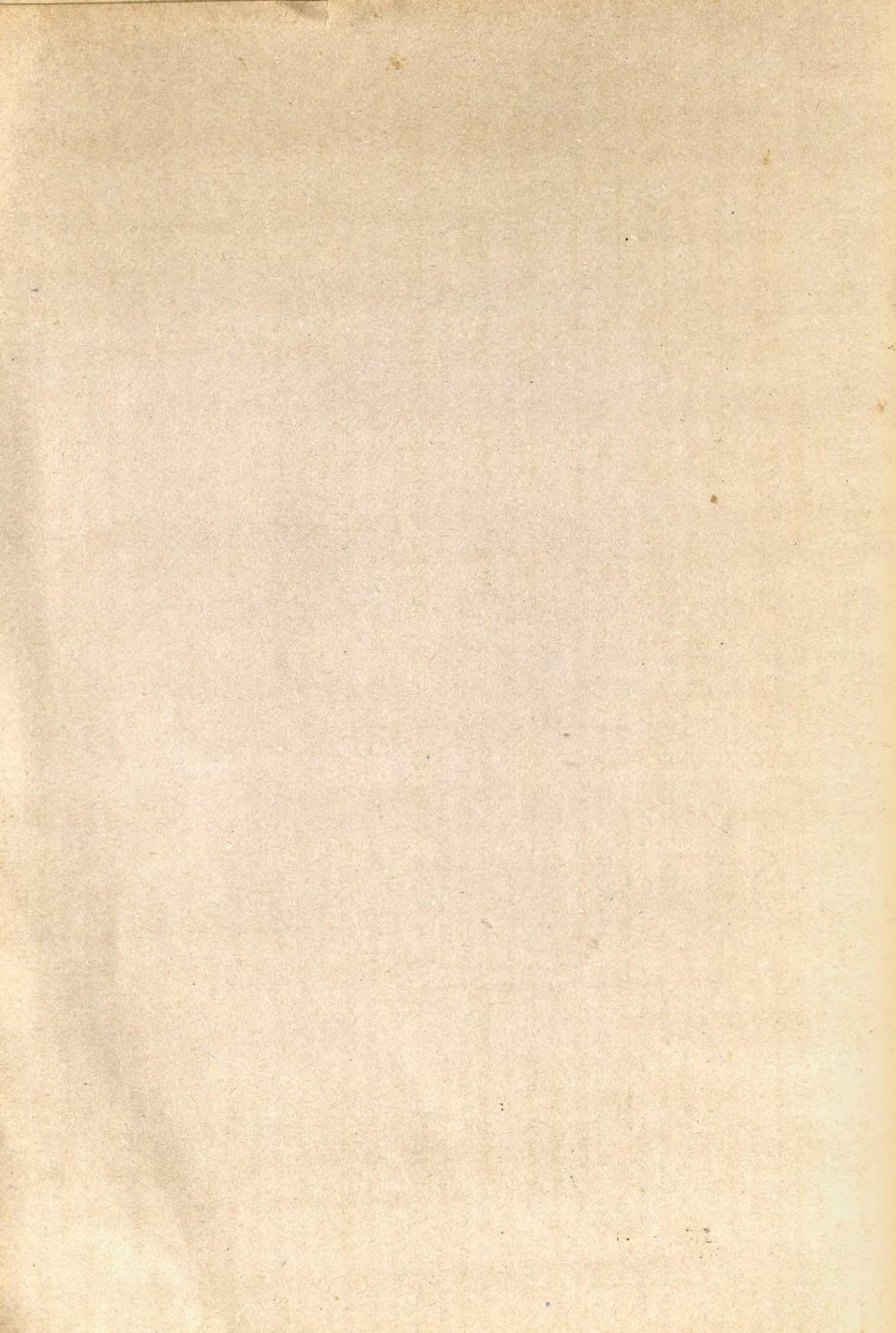


TABLE - 6.

### **Current outgoing of the Municipalities & Corporations (Rs. '000)**

Sl. No.	Items	Municipalities			Corporations			Total
		1980-81	1981-82	80-81	81-82	80-81	81-82	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
1	Consumption expenditure	61673	79261	40612	69999	102285	149260	
2	Transfer payments	7443	7278	2719	1337	10162	8675	
	Total	69116	86539	43331	71396	112447	157935	



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